Meeting Min	ulis
	Date: 23.08.20
Departmental meeting was held on 23.08.2021. After discus and the ethdents of BSc Btc, t resolved:	En the Principal's Chambe
on 23.08.2021 . After discu	issing with the Principal
and the etudents of BSc Btc, t	the following were
resolued:	0
1. to enrich the existing currie	dum ley mitiating a
Certificate course on Ligh	t Microedayy, for the
1. to eneigh the enicting curried Certificate course on Light benefit of students in	this academic year.
	0
2. to prepare a proposal	selling permission to
tritiale the course and	sophould be embruitled
2. to prepare a proposal similate the course and to the principal within	two days
3. Details of the course!	
· ·	
Course duration: 36	2 days
	0-30
Formative agreement	: 15 marks (Objective)
Eumnaline assessmen	1: 25 marks (Objetline).
touther	9
Course & pedinator	Principal Inchas
	PRINCIPAL (F.A.C)
	S.CH.V.P.M.R. GOYT. DOGTER CONC. Accredited "B" by NAAC GANAPAVARAN (W.G.Dt.,)
Shilant Vision Latini	GANAPAYARAN (W.C.D.C.)
Shilut Representatives 1. D. Esther Manju Vani - Empeni 2. S. Thanei Lakemni - Thansi Lake	
Leave way way - all will	A GRAND SECTION OF THE SECTION OF TH

Date: 24.8.2021

From

Dr Ch.Chaitanya In-charge, Dept. of Botany SCHVPMR Govt. Degree College Ganapavaram

To

The Principal
SCHVPMR Govt. Degree College
Ganapavaram

Sub: Curriculum Enrichment for 2020-21 - Dept. of Botany- Proposal for starting a Certificate Course in Light Microscopy - Request for permission - Reg.

This is to submit that the Dept. of Botany is proposing to start a Certificate Course in "Light Microscopy" during the academic year 2020-21 so as to enrich the existing curriculum for the benefit of the students. Hence, this proposal is submitted seeking your permission.

Course duration:

30 to 40 days

Student intake:

20 to 30

Name of Faculty:

Dr. Ch.Chaitanya

Formative Assessment

15 marks (objective type)

Summative Assessment

25 marks (objective type)

Qualifying mark

15

Objectives:

- To enrich the curriculum for the development of students
- To develop an understanding of the basic concepts and principles of Light Microscopy

In-charge, Dept. of Botany



Proceedings of the Principal (FAC), SCHVPMR Govt. Degree College, Ganapavaram

Present: Dr M. Syambab, M.Sc., Ph. D.,

Rc.No.21/1/CC-20-21

Dated. 26.8.2021

Sub: Dept. of Botany - Proposal for Certificate Course in **Light Microscopy** for the academic year 2020- 21- Permission granted - Orders issued - Reg.

The Principal, SCHVPMR Govt. Degree College, Ganapavaram is pleased to grant permission to launch a Certificate Course in "Light Microscopy" by the Department of Botany during the academic year 2020-21. The In-charge, Department of Botany is requested to follow the due procedure for conducting the said course and submit a report thereof.

PRINCIPAL 261814

S.CH.V.P.M.R.Govt.Degree College
GANAPAVARAM-534198. (W.G.Dist,

	re Supe
Circular	
Date: 28.08.	2021
All the students of BSc. BZe are hereby inform	med
All the students of BSc. BZe are hereby information that the Dept. of botany is going to start in certificate course in "Light Microecopy" from 01.09.202)	
encoll for the course and make use of it.	
* Everallment forme will be shared with you soon * A copy of course Syllabue is enclosed herewith	
Course beeign:	
- Name of the Course: Light Micsoscopy - Duration: 30 Days.	30.0
- Course Marts on: 01.09.2021	rat
- Timings: 4:30 to 5:30pm - Formative accument: - 15 marks (Objective)	- 13
- Formative asserment: 15 marks (Objective) - Summative asserment: 25 marks (Objective) - 45% of attendance is mandalogy to give the	
31/1/11	100
- Qualifying mach is 15 out of 25 Commaline to - students who erose 15 (or) about will be provid	t)
with course completion certificate.	
Principal (F.A.C)	LOW
PRINCIPAL (F.A.C) S.CH.V.P.N.R. Govt. Degree Col Accredited B" by NAAC GANAPAVARAM (W.G.Dt.,)	llage
BSC BZC III	



Certificate Course on "Light Microscopy"

Academic Year 2020-21

Total Instructional Hours: 30

Syllabus

Sl.No	MODULE	Hours Allotted	
1	MODULE 1: Introduction to Light Microscopy- Scientific contributions of Microscopy, Behaviour of Light, Interaction of light with matter	2	
2	MODULE 2: Basic Principle of Light microscope and definitions	2	
3	MODULE 3: Basic structure and Parts of a Compound and Dissection Microscope	4	
4	MODULE 4: Objective and Eye Pieces, Resolution of Microscope	2	
5	MODULE 5: Cleaning and Maintenance of compound or Lab Microscope	3	
6	MODULE 6: Operating the Light Microscope	3	
7	MODULE 7: Types of Light Microscopes-	4	
8	MODULE 8: Types of Light Microscopes-	4	
9	MODULE 9: Advantages and Limitations of Light Microscopy	2	
10	MODULE 10: Demo and Hands on use of a compound or laboratory microscope	4	

Dr Ch.Chaitanya

Course Coordinator

(Affiliated to Adikavi Nannaya University, Rajamahendravaram, A.P.)

Department of Botany

Certificate course on "Light Microscopy"

Academic Year: 2020-21

List of Students Enrolled

Sl.No.	o. Admn. Class Name of the Student		Class Tame of the Stadent		
1	No. 6643	III BSc (BZC)	YERRAMSETTI SIVA DURGA SAI PRASAD	y.s.p.s Poasal	
2/	6572	III BSc (BZC)	DAVILI DEEPIKA	D. Deepika	
3	6589	III BSc (BZC)	BANDI SUMANTH	B. Sumanth	
4	6630	III BSc (BZC)	CHINNAM DORKA	c. DoRka	
5	6565	III BSc (BZC)	CHINTA RAMU	C. Pamu,	
6/	6550	III BSc (BZC)	DARLANKA ESTHER MANJUVANI	Emican	
7	6594	III BSc (BZC)	MANE KRISHNA KALI PRIYA	M.K.K.Priya	
8	6567	III BSc (BZC)	MADASU PEDDIRAJU	M. PeddiRasu	
9	6555	III BSc (BZC)	MATTA SINDHU	M. Sindhu	
10	6543	III BSc (BZC)	MADDIRALA ROJA RAMANI	M. Roja Xanuni	
11	6614	III BSc (BZC)	NATHA ASHA	N. Asha	
12	6552	III BSc (BZC)	NARUKULA PRAVALLIKA	N. Prayollisa	
13	6549	III BSc (BZC)	NIMMALA SRAVANI TULASI	N.S. Tulasi	
14	6618	III BSc (BZC)	REVULAGADDA MOULI	R. Mouli	
15	6539	III BSc (BZC)	RAMAYANAPU MOUNIKA	R. Mounka	
16	6573	III BSc (BZC)	SANAPALA JANSI LAKSHMI	S. Junsi lakshn	
17	6597	III BSc (BZC)	SARIPALLI THERISSA	S. Therissa	
18	6575	III BSc (BZC)	THOTA MAHANKALI	T. Mallan	
19	6561	III BSc (BZC)	THUMMURU PURNA GANGA TULASI		
20	6538	III BSc (BZC)	YALLA SAI NAGA VIJAYA LAKSHMI	Y.S. N. V. lake	
21	6634	III BSc (BZC)	MANDALANKA ALEKHYA	M. Ryckhy	

S.CH.V.P.M.R.Govt.Degree College GANAPAVARAM-534198. (W.G.Dist)



Department of Botany

Certificate Course on "Light Microscopy"

Course Outline

Course Outline	100 101			
Course Duration	30 to 40 days			
Course Fee	Nil			
Target Group	BSC BZC 20 to 30 (First Come-First Serve)			
Student intake				
Start Date	1.9.2021			
No. of Modules	10			
Formative Assessment	15 marks (objective type)			
Summative Assessment	25 marks (objective type)			
Qualifying Mark	15			
Name of the Course Coordinator	Dr. Ch.Chaitanya			

Student Registration Form

Name of the Student

: D. Deepika

Admission Number

: 6572

Batch

: 2020 - 21

Year and Program studying

: 3rd B.Sc . BZC

Semester

: VI

D. Deepi Ka Signature of the Student

Signature of the Course Coordinator

Date: 29-8-2



Department of Botany

Certificate Course on "Light Microscopy"

Course Outline

Nil
DCC DZC
BSC BZC
20 to 30 (First Come-First Serve)
1.9.2021
10
15 marks (objective type)
25 marks (objective type)
15
Dr. Ch.Chaitanya

Student Registration Form

Date: 1-09-202

Name of the Student

: D. Esther Manjuvani : 6550

Admission Number

: 6550

Batch

Year and Program studying

: 2020 - 21 : 3rd BSC (BZC)

Semester

Emucani

Signature of the Student

Signature of the Course Coordinator



Certificate Course in "LIGHT MICROSCOPY"

Formative Assessment

M. M. I.	Time: 30 minutes
Max. Marks: 15 Name of the Student: D. Deepika	Date: 21.09.2021
Group: 3rd B.s.c.Bz.c	

Answer all the following $(15 \times 1 = 15)$

 Which part of the compound microscope helps in gathering and focusing light rays on the 	an objective with the maximum nume aperture
specimen to be viewed? A) Exercise lens	5. Oil immersion objective lens has an
B) Objective lens	A) 0.65
C) Condenser lens	B) 0.85
D) Magnifying lens	C) 1.33×
2. What is the minimum distance for the eye to	D) 1.00
focus any object? A) 11 cm	6. Total Magnification is obtained by
B) 25 cm	Magnifying power of the objective

3. Resolving power of a microscope is a function

A) Wavelength of light used

B) Numerical aperture of lens system

C) Refractive index

C) 32 cm

D) 42 cm

Admission No: 6572

D) Wavelength of light used and numerical aperture of lens system

4. The greatest resolution in light microscopy can be obtained with

A) Longest wavelength of visible light used

B) An objective with minimum numerical aperture

C) Shortest wavelength of visible light used D) Shortest wavelength of visible light used and

an objective with the maximum numerical

n NA value

AY Magnifying power of the objective lens

B) Magnifying power of eyepiece

C) Magnifying power of condenser lens D) Magnifying power of both the objective lens and eyepiece

7. In light microscopy, which of the following is used as fixatives prior to staining technique?

A) Osmic acid

B) Glutaraldehyde

C) Heat

D) Osmic acid, glutaraldehyde, heat X

8. Which part of the light microscope controls the intensity of light entering the viewing area?

A) Coarse adjustment screw

B) Fine adjustment screw



O Diaphragm
D) Condenser lens

9. The magnification power of a compound microscope does not depend upon

A)The focal length and aperture of the eye lens

B)The apertures of the objective lens

C)Tube length of the microscope

D)None of the above

10. is a measure of the clarity of an image; how clear the details are

A) Magnification

B) Resolution

C) Total magnification X

D) Objectification

11. How many lenses are used in a compound microscope?

A) 1-27

B) 2-4

(C) More than 10

D) More than 12

12. When the ocular lens power is 10 X and the objective lens power is 40 X, the magnification is

A) 40 times

B) 400 times X

C) 4 times

D) 10 X

13. Light is best for obtaining the highest resolutions.

A) Blue

B) Orange

C) RedX

D) Green

14. is used to clean the lenses of microscope.

A) Alcohol

B) Paraffin oil

C) Wax

D) Water

15. The main microscope lens that focuses the image is

A) Ocular

B) Base

C) Objective X

D) Binocular



Certificate Course in "I	LIGHT MICROSCOPY"
Formative	Assessment
Max. Marks: 15 Name of the Student: D. Esther Monjov Group: 3 rd BSC (B7C) Admission No: 6550 Answer all the fo	Time: 30 minutes Date: 21.09.2021 Colonia (15 X 1 = 15)
1. Which part of the compound microscope	an objective with the maximum numerical
helps in gathering and focusing light rays on the	aperture
specimen to be viewed? A) Eyepiece lens	5. Oil immersion objective lens has an NA value of
B) Objective lens	A) 0.65
C) Condenser lens D) Magnifying lens	B) 0.85 E) 1.33
2. What is the minimum distance for the eye to	D) 1.00
focus any object? A) 11 cm	6. Total Magnification is obtained by
B) 25 cm C) 32 cm D) 42 cm	A) Magnifying power of the objective lens B) Magnifying power of eyepiece C) Magnifying power of condenser lens D) Magnifying power of both the objective lens
 Resolving power of a microscope is a function of 	and eyepiece
A) Wavelength of light used B) Numerical aperture of lens system C) Refractive index D) Wavelength of light used and numerical aperture of lens system	7. In light microscopy, which of the following is used as fixatives prior to staining technique? A) Osmic acid B) Glutaraldehyde C) Heat
4. The greatest resolution in light microscopy	D) Osmic acid, glutaraldehyde, heat
can be obtained with A) Longest wavelength of visible light used B) An objective with minimum numerical aperture C) Shortest wavelength of visible light used D) Shortest wavelength of visible light used and	8. Which part of the light microscope controls the intensity of light entering the viewing area?A) Coarse adjustment screwB) Fine adjustment screw

(C) Diaphragm

D) Condenser lens

9. The magnification power of a compound microscope does not depend upon

A)The focal length and aperture of the eye lens

B)The apertures of the objective lens

C)Tube length of the microscope

D)None of the above

10. is a measure of the clarity of an image; how clear the details are

A) Magnification

B) Resolution

C) Total magnification

D) Objectification

11. How many lenses are used in a compound microscope?

A) 1-2

B) 2-4

C) More than 10

D) More than 12

12. When the ocular lens power is 10 X and the objective lens power is 40 X, the magnification is

A) 40 times

B) 400 times

C) 4 times

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B) Paraffin oil

C) Wax

D) Water

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A) Ocular

B) Base

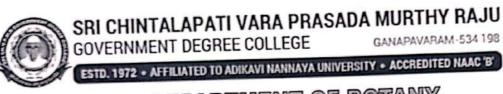
e) Objective

D) Binocular

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6555 9 Matta Shoku	PPaPPPPPPPP	
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Certificate Course in "LIGHT MICROSCOPY"

Summative Assessment

Max. Marks: 25

Name of the Student: D. Deepika

Group: 378-B.S.c. B. Z.C Admission No: 6572

Answer all the following $(25 \times 1 = 25)$

1. In Phase contrast microscopy, the rate at which light enters through objects is

A)Constant

- B) inversely proportional to their refractive indices X
- C) Directly proportional to their refractive
- D) exponentially related to their refractive indices
- 2. In fluorescence microscopy, which of the following performs the function of removing all light? blue except
- A)Exciterfilter X B)Barrierfilter
- CiDichroicmirror
- D) Mercury arc lamp
- Microscopy is responsible for detailed imaging of subcellular organelles like nucleus and chromosome.
- A) Optical microscopy
- B) X-ray microscopy X
- Electron

microscopy

D) Compound microscopy

4. Microscope that uses light rays to produce a dark image against a bright background is known as a

Time: 50 minutes

Date: 20.10.2021

- A) Darkfield microscope
- B) Brightfield microscope X
- C) Phase contrast microscope
- D) Electron microscope
- Stereoscopic microscopes are also known as
- A) Dissecting microscope x
- B) Darkfield microscope
- Brightfield microscope
- D) Compound microscope
- Dissecting microscope was first designed by
- A) John Leornld Riddell
 - B) Horatio S. Greenough
- C) Cherudin d'Orléans X
- D) Charles wheatstone
- 7. TEM uses to focus on the specimen to produce an image.
- A.) Beam of protons
- B.) Light rays
- C. Beam of electrons
- D.) Beam of neutrons



- 8. TEM has.... times better resolution than that of light microscope.
- A) 10 times
- B) 100 times
- C) 1000 times
- D) 10000 times
- 9. Which of the given is not the part of TEM?
- A) Intermediate lenses
- B) Fluorescent screen
- C) Condenser aperture
- D) None of the above
- 10. Microscope uses a single lens for magnification.
- A) Compound microscope
- B) Simple microscope
- C) Phase contrast microscope
- D) Light microscope
- 11. microsope provide detailed 3D image.
- A) Simple microscope
- B) Compound microscope
- C) Light microscope
- D) Scanning electron microscope
 - 12. The metal used in an electron microscope is
- A) Tungsten
- B) Platinum
- C) Gold
- D) Silver
- 13...... described "cell" in a dead cork tissue.
- A) Antonie van Leeuwenhoek
- B) Robert Hooke
- C.) Hans Janssen
- D.) Louis Pasteur
- 14..... image formed by an objective of a compound microscope is
- A) Real and enlarged
- B) Real and small
- C) Real and diminished
- D) Virtual and Diminished
- 15. Light Interacts with matter as
- A) Particle
- B) Wave
- C) Rays
- D) both A and B

- 16. ——is the study of devices that are used to view objects or certain areas that cannot be seen with a naked eye.
- A) Nanotechnology
- B) Macroscopy
- C) Microscopy
- D) Microbiology
- 17. Microscopy is responsible for detailed imaging of subcellular organelles like nucleus and chromosome.
- A) Optical microscopy
- B) X-ray microscopy
- C) Electron microscopy
- D) Compound microscopy
- 18. in simple microscope used to control the amount of light passing through the stage
- A) Diaphragm
 - B) Stage
 - C) Condenser
 - D) Base
 - 19. Which type of microscope is used for observing a sample that has been stained or labeled with fluorescent dyes?
 - A). Light Microscope
 - B). Electron Microscope
 - E). Fluroscence Microscope
 - D). Transmission electron Microscope
 - 20. What type of microscope can be used to observe the internal structure of samples in 3D?
 - A). Light Microscope
 - B) Electron Microscope
 - C) Confocal Microscope
 - D) Transmission electron Microscope
 - 21. What type of microscope is used for observing samples that are transparent?
 - A) Light Microscope
 - B) Electron Microscope
 - C) Fluorescence Microscope
 - D) Transmission electron Microscope
 - 22. What type of microscope is used for observing samples in a liquid environment?
 - A) Light Microscope
 - B) Electron Microscope
 - C) Confocal Microscope

- D) Transmission electron Microscope
- 23. What type of microscope is used for observing the surface of a sample?
- A) Light Microscope
- B) Electron Microscope
- C) Scanning electron Microscope
- D) Transmission electron Microscope
- 24. In fluorescence microscopy, which of the following controls the removal of all light except blue light?

- A) Filter for exciters
- B) Filtering barrier
- C) Mirror made of dichroic glass
- D) Arc light made of mercury
- 25. All of the following are components of compound microscope except
- A) Stage clips
- B) Fine adjustment
- E) Electron gun
- D) Binocular eye piece



Certificate Course in "LIGHT MICROSCOPY"

Summative Assessment

Name of the Student: D. Esther Manjurani Group: 3rd 1351 (1271)

Admission No: 6550

Answer all the following $(25 \times 1 = 25)$

1. In Phase contrast microscopy, the rate at through objects is which light enters

- A)Constant
- By inversely proportional to their refractive indices
- C) Directly proportional to their refractive indices
- D) exponentially related to their refractive indices
- 2. In fluorescence microscopy, which of the following performs the function of removing all light? blue light except
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- A) Optical microscopy
- B) X-ray microscopy
- Electron C)

microscopy

D) Compound microscopy

4. Microscope that uses light rays to produce a dark image against a bright background is known as a

Time: 50 minutes

Date: 20.10.2021

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- B) Brightfield microscope
- C) Phase contrast microscope
- D) Electron microscope
- Stereoscopic microscopes are also known as
- A) Dissecting microscope
- B) Darkfield microscope
- C) Brightfield microscope
- D) Compound microscope
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- B.) Light rays
- 2.) Beam of electrons
- D.) Beam of neutrons

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- C) Condenser aperture
 - D) None of the above
 - Microscope uses a single lens for magnification.
 - A) Compound microscope
- B) Simple microscope
- C) Phase contrast microscope
- D) Light microscope
- microsope provide detailed 3D image.
- A) Simple microscope
- B) Compound microscope
- C) Light microscope
- D) Scanning electron microscope
 - 12. The metal used in an electron microscope is
- A) Tungsten
 - B) Platinum
 - C) Gold
 - D) Silver
 - described "cell" in a dead cork tissue.
 - A) Antonie van Leeuwenhoek
 - B) Robert Hooke
 - C.) Hans Janssen
 - D.) Louis Pasteur
 - 14..... image formed by an objective of a compound microscope is
 - A) Real and enlarged
 - B) Real and small
 - C) Real and diminished
 - D) Virtual and Diminished
 - 15. Light Interacts with matter as
 - A) Particle
 - B) Wave
 - C) Rays
 - D) both A and B

- is the study of devices that are used to view objects or certain areas that cannot be seen with a naked eye.
- A) Nanotechnology
- B) Macroscopy
- C) Microscopy
- D) Microbiology
- Microscopy is responsible for detailed imaging of subcellular organelles like nucleus and chromosome.
- A) Optical microscopy
- B) X-ray microscopy
 - C) Electron microscopy
 - D) Compound microscopy
 - in simple microscope used to control the amount of light passing through the stage
 - A) Diaphragm
 - B) Stage
 - C) Condenser
 - D) Base
 - 19. Which type of microscope is used for observing a sample that has been stained or labeled with fluorescent dyes?
 - A). Light Microscope
 - B). Electron Microscope
 - C). Fluroscence Microscope
 - D). Transmission electron Microscope
 - 20. What type of microscope can be used to observe the internal structure of samples in 3D?
 - A). Light Microscope
 - B) Electron Microscope
 - C) Confocal Microscope
 - D) Transmission electron Microscope
 - 21. What type of microscope is used for observing samples that are transparent?
 - A) Light Microscope
 - B) Electron Microscope
 - C) Fluorescence Microscope
 - D) Transmission electron Microscope
 - 22. What type of microscope is used for observing samples in a liquid environment?
 - A) Light Microscope
 - B) Electron Microscope
 - C) Confocal Microscope

- D) Transmission electron Microscope
- 23. What type of microscope is used for observing the surface of a sample?
- A) Light Microscope
- B) Electron Microscope
- C) Scanning electron Microscope
- D) Transmission electron Microscope
- 24. In fluorescence microscopy, which of the following controls the removal of all light except blue light?

- A) Filter for exciters
- B) Filtering barrier
- C) Mirror made of dichroic glass
- D) Are light made of mercury
- 25. All of the following are components of compound microscope except
- A) Stage clips
- -B) Fine adjustment
 - C) Electron gun
 - D) Binocular eye piece

(Affiliated to Adikavi Nannaya University, Rajamahendravaram, A.P.) Department of Botany Certificate course on "Light Microscopy" Academic Year: 2020-21

RESULT SHEET

SLNo.	Admn. No.	Class	Name of the Student	FA Marks (15)	SA Marks (25)	Total (40)	Grade	Signature of the Student
		III BSc (BZC)	YERRAMSETTI SIVA DURGA SAI PRASAD	in the	ABSENT			U I
1	6643		DAVILI DEEPIKA	6	19	25	С	D. Deepika
<i>7</i> 2	6572	III BSc (BZC)	BANDI SUMANTH	4	16	20	D	13. Sumanth
3	6589	III BSc (BZC)	CHINNAM DORKA	5	5	20	С	r. DoRka
4	6630	III BSc (BZC)	CHINTA RAMU	5	15	20	С	C. Ramy
5	6565	III BSc (BZC)	DARLANKA ESTHER MANJUVANI	14	21	35	Α	Emaani
5	6550	III BSc (BZC)	MANE KRISHNA KALI PRIYA	13	20	33	Α	M.K.K. Inya
7	6594	III BSc (BZC)	MADASU PEDDIRAJU	8	15	23	С	M. Roddi Raju
8	6567	III BSc (BZC)	MATTA SINDHU	12	21	33	А	M.sindhu
9	6555	III BSc (BZC)	MADDIRALA ROJA RAMANI	13	20	33	Α	M. Roja xam
10	6543	III BSc (BZC)	NATHA ASHA	1	ABSENT		N.	
11	6614	III BSc (BZC)	NARUKULA PRAVALLIKA	8	15	23	С	N. Pravallillo
12	6552	III BSc (BZC)	NIMMALA SRAVANI TULASI	14	21	35	А	N.S Tulasi
13	6549	III BSc (BZC)		8	20	28	В	R. Mouli
14	6618	III BSc (BZC)		12	21	33	A	R. Moonika
15	6539	III BSc (BZC)	RAMAYANAPU MOUNIKA	13	22	35	A	S. Jansi lakih
16	6573	III BSc (BZC)		-	15	25	c	S. Theriss
17	6597	III BSc (BZC)		10	20	28	В	
18	6575	III BSc (BZC)	The state of the s	8	20	34	A	11000
19	6561	III BSc (BZC)		11			В	T. P. CTTulasi
20	6538	III BSc (BZC)		10	20	30	-	u alaktu
21	6634	III BSc (BZC)	MANDALANKA ALEKHYA	10	15	25	С	M. Alekhy

Grade: > 30 - A, 26 to 30 - B, 21 to 25 - C, 15 to 20 - D, < 15 Fail

S.CH.V.P.M.R.Govt.Degree College GANAPAVARAM-534198. (W.G.Dist)





Certificate Course on "Light Microscopy"

Academic Year 2020-21

Report

Certificate Course on Light Microscopy started on 1st September 2021 with a target to provide basic knowledge to Biology students. Twenty-one students from III BZC were enrolled but only nineteen students completed the course successfully. The course included basics of Light microscopy, structure and parts of a compound or laboratory microscope, operation and maintenance of microscopes. To extend the knowledge of students, different types of Light microscopes and their working principles were also included. A demo and hands on use of a compound or laboratory microscope enabled the students to learn the right way of observing samples under the compound microscope in the laboratory. The students were confident to operate the laboratory microscopes on their own and also learned the common mistakes that would hamper the functioning of a microscope.

Learning Outcomes

- Gain Knowledge of fundamentals of light microscopy
- Operate a compound microscope.
- Develop competence to apply them while doing Practicals.

Dr.Ch.Chaitanya

Course Coordinator

PRINCIPAL
S.CH.V.P.M.R.Govt.Degree College
GANAPAVARAM-534198. (W.G.Dist)



CERTIFICATE

This is to certify that

DAVILI DEEPIKA, III BZC (Admission No. 6572)

of

SCHVPMR GOVERNMENT DEGREE COLLEGE, WEST GODAVARI, ANDHRA PRADESH has successfully completed the certificate course in "LIGHT MICROSCOPY" conducted from 01 September to 12 October, 2021 offered by the Department of Botany with grade "C".

Dr Ch.Chaitanya

Course Coordinator

Dr M. Syambab

Principal



CERTIFICATE

This is to certify that

DARLANKA ESTHER MANJUVANI, III BZC (Admission No. 6550)

of

SCHVPMR GOVERNMENT DEGREE COLLEGE, WEST GODAVARI, ANDHRA PRADESH has successfully completed the certificate course in "LIGHT MICROSCOPY" held from 01 September to 12 October, 2021 offered by the Department of Botany with grade "A".

Dr Ch.Chaitanya

Course Coordinator

Dr M. Syambab

Principal